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如果您需要您自己语言的此信息，请通过以下方法之一与委员会联系。

“ਜੇ ਇਹ ਜਾਣਕਾਰੀ ਤੁਹਾਨੂੰ ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ ਵਿੱਚ ਚਾਹੁੰਦੀ ਹੋਵੇ, ਤਾਂ ਕਿਰਪਾ ਕਰਕੇ ਹੇਠ ਲਿਖਿਆ ਵਿੱਚੋਂ ਕਿਸੇ ਇੱਕ ਤਰੀਕੇ ਦੀ ਵਰਤੋਂ ਕਰਦੇ ਹੋਏ ਸੇਵਾ ਨਾਲ ਸੰਪਰਕ ਕਰੋ।”

اگر آپ یہ معلومات اپنی اپنی زبان میں چاہتے ہیں، تو براہ کرم نیچے دیے گئے طریقوں میں سے کسی ایک کا استعمال کرتے ہوئے ہم سے رابطہ کریں۔



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Cluster Flies

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Description

There are four main species of fly known collectively as cluster flies. They are:

- The Autumn Fly – a small fly about the same size as a housefly but with a yellow abdomen.
- The Common Cluster Fly - a larger fly of a dull, dark dusty brown/grey colour with a tessellated abdomen.
- The Green Cluster Fly – about the same size as a housefly, shiny green/blue in colour.
- The Yellow Swarming Fly – a small species of fly with a yellowish body with black markings, sometimes confused with the fruit fly.



Biology and Habitat

Cluster flies are very common, the adult flies hibernate over winter in roof spaces.

They emit a pheromone which stimulates the clustering response and encourages subsequent generations to use the same site.

The rest of the fly life cycle takes place in the earth and there is, therefore, no association with dead animal carcasses being a source of the infestation in houses.



Importance

There is no risk of public health.

The objective to cluster flies is their unsightly appearance and a natural, though incorrect association with dirt or decay.

Control

Small infestations can be controlled by simply vacuuming up the flies which enter rooms.

Large infestations are best treated professionally using fogging or misting machines to treat the whole roof space.

